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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. 10/023,542 12/17/2001 Brian Antoine 45614/PAN/X2/134065 2823 35114 7590 09/12/2005 EXAMINER ALCATEL INTERNETWORKING, INC. BILGRAMI, ASGHAR H ALCATEL-INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY DEPARTMENT 3400 W. PLANO PARKWAY, MS LEGL2 ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER PLANO, TX 75075 2143

DATE MAILED: 09/12/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Summary			ANTOINE ET AL.	
		10/023,542 Examiner	ARTUNIE ET AL.	
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Asghar Bilgrami	2143	
	The MAILING DATE of this communication app			
Period fo			•	
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	IORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA INSIGHT STATE TO THE MAILING THE MAILING THE MAILING TO PERIOD PERIOD THE MAILING THE MAILING THE TO THE MAILING THE MAILING THE MAILING THE TO THE MAILING THE MAILING THE THE MAILING	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tinuity will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status				
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25 M	lay 200 <u>5</u> .		
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This	This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.		
3) 🗌	- ' '			
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposit	ion of Claims			
4) 🖂	Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the application.			
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.			
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected.			
7)				
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.				
Applicat	ion Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.				
10)🛛	10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>29 April 2002</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.			
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
-	12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).			
Attachmer 1) Notic 2) Notic	See the attached detailed Office action for a list at(s) be of References Cited (PTO-892) be of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) contraction Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	4)	ı (PTO-413)	
Pape	er No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:		
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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shapiro et al (U.S. Pub No. 2002/0161917 A1) and Nataraj et el (U.S. 6,757,779).
- 3. As per claims 1-4, 10, 11, 14 & 20 Shapiro disclosed a method of routing signals in a communication network (page.1, paragraph 10). However Shapiro did not explicitly disclose, utilizing a policy-based route, said step of utilizing a policy route including the steps of comparing destination address of a received signal to one or more known destination addresses; determining a destination for said received signal in accordance with a source identifier in said received signal when the destination address of said received signal does not match any one of said known destination addresses; and determining route for said received, signal in accordance with a dynamic routing protocol.

In the same field of endeavor Nataraj disclosed utilizing a policy-based route, said step of utilizing a policy route including the steps of comparing destination address of a received signal to one or more known destination addresses; determining a destination for said received signal in

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accordance with a source identifier in said received signal when the destination address of said received signal does not match any one of said known destination addresses, and determining route for said received, signal in accordance with a dynamic routing protocol (col.1, lines 32-52). At the time the invention was made it would have been obvious to one in the ordinary skill in the art to incorporate a signal having a source identifier and parameters as taught by Nataraj as one of the criteria to the routing device as taught by Shapiro in order to route the network traffic in an efficient manner and in as a result increasing the robustness and efficiency of a network.

- 4. As per claim 5 Shapiro disclosed the router according to claim 4 wherein the plurality of traffic parameters comprises a source address and a destination address (Nataraj, col.1, lines 63-67).
- 5. As per claims 6, 8, 15 & 17 Shapiro disclosed the router according to claim 5 further comprising a source address look-up table having stored source address and an address of a related Internet service provider and wherein the route selection is made in accordance with the result of a comparison of source address in the packet with stored source address in the source address look-up table (Shapiro, paragraph 9).
- 6. As per claim 7 Shapiro disclosed the router according to claim 6 wherein the source address look-up table comprises a hardware look-up table (Shapiro, paragraph 44).

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7. As per claims 9 & 16 Shapiro disclosed the method of claim 15 wherein the step of storing known destination addresses in a destination address look-up table comprises storing known destination addresses in a hardware look-up table (Shapiro, paragraphs 44, 49, 50).

- 8. As per claims 12 & 18 Shapiro disclosed the method of claim 10 further comprising storing an ISP for one or more source identifiers, and wherein the destination may be determined in accordance with said stored ISPs (Nataraj, col.1, lines 32-51).
- 9. As per claims 13 & 19 Shapiro disclosed the method of claim 10 wherein the step of forwarding the received signal to said destination in accordance with a dynamic routing protocol comprises forwarding said received signal in accordance with an exterior gateway protocol (Shapiro, paragraphs 5 & 13).

Response to Arguments

- 10. Applicant's arguments filed 05/25/2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- When reviewing a reference the applicants should remember that not only the specific teachings of a reference but also reasonable inferences which the artisan would have logically drawn therefrom may be properly evaluated in formulating a rejection. In re Preda, 401 F. 2d 825, 159 USPQ 342 (CCPA 1968) and In re Shepard, 319 F. 2d 194, 138 USPQ 148 (CCPA 1963). Skill in the art is presumed. In re Sovish, 769 F. 2d 738, 226 USPQ 771 (Fed. Cir. 1985). Furthermore, artisans must be presumed to know something about the art apart from what the references disclose. In re Jacoby, 309 F. 2d 513, 135 USPQ 317 (CCPA 1962). The conclusion of obviousness may be made from common knowledge and common sense of a person of ordinary skill in the art without any specific hint or suggestion in a particular reference. In re Bozek, 416 F.2d 1385, 163 USPQ 545 (CCPA 1969). Every reference relies to some extent on

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knowledge of persons skilled in the art to complement that is disclosed therein. In re Bode, 550 F. 2d 656, 193 USPQ 12 (CCPA 1977).

- 12. The applicant argued "neither Shapiro nor Nataraj, whether taken alone or in any reasonable combination disclose, teach, or render obvious "a policy-based route determined in accordance with a dynamic routing protocol".
- 13. As to applicants arguments Nataraj discloses the policy based routing in the background section of the art (col1, lines 32-67). Additionally it is common for the one in the ordiany skill in the art to know that routers can use dynamic routing protocol to forward packets on a certain route based on a set policy.

Conclusion

14. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Asghar Bilgrami whose telephone number is 571-272-3907. The

examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 8:00-5:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, David Wiley can be reached on 571-272-3923. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Asghar Bilgrami

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Examiner

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AB

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SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100